## Agenda - Health and Social Care Committee

Meeting date: Thursday, 11 February For further information contact:

2016 Llinos Madeley

Meeting time: 09.30 Committee Clerk

0300 200 6565

**Meeting Venue:** SeneddHealth@Assembly.Wales

Video Conference Room, Tŷ Hywel

At its meeting on 3 February 2016 the Committee resolved under Standing Order 17.42(vi) to exclude the public from the entire meeting on 11 February 2016.

- Introductions, apologies and substitutions 1 (09.30)
- 2 Inquiry into new psychoactive substances: factual briefing on the Psychoactive Substances Bill and relevant EU developments (09.30 - 10.30)

Chloe Dunnett, Drugs and Alcohol Unit - Home Office Angela Scrutton, Drugs and Alcohol Unit - Home Office Joe Shapiro, Drugs and Alcohol Unit - Home Office

Break (10.30 – 10.40)

3 Inquiry into new psychoactive substances: factual briefing on the Welsh Government's 'Working together to reduce harm' - Delivery plan 2016-2018

(10.40 - 11.10)

Tracey Breheny, Deputy Director of Substance Misuse - Welsh Government

4 Scrutiny session with the Older People's Commissioner for Wales – follow-up on the Committee's residential care for older people inquiry and the Commissioner's review of care homes: consideration of output

$$(11.10 - 11.30)$$

#### 5 Papers to note

(11.30)

Minutes of the meeting held on 3 February 2016

(Pages 1 – 10)

Welsh Government Budget 2016–17: correspondence from the Minister for Health and Social Services

(Pages 11 - 17)

Legislative Consent Memorandum: Access to Medical Treatments (Innovation) Bill: correspondence from the Minister for Health and Social Services

(Page 18)

Consultation on the British Bill of Rights: correspondence from the Chair of the Joint Committee on Human Rights to the Presiding Officer

(Pages 19 - 20)

# Agenda Item 4

Document is Restricted

# Agenda Item 5.1

## Concise Minutes - Health and Social Care Committee

Meeting Venue:

This meeting can be viewed

Committee Room 3 - Senedd

on Senedd TV at:

Meeting date: Wednesday,

http://senedd.tv/en/3356

3 February 2016

Meeting time: 09.32 - 10.46

#### **Attendance**

Category	Names
	David Rees AM (Chair)
	Alun Davies AM
	John Griffiths AM
	Altaf Hussain AM
Assembly Members:	Elin Jones AM
Assembly Members.	Darren Millar AM
	Lynne Neagle AM
	Gwyn R Price AM
	Lindsay Whittle AM
	Kirsty Williams AM
	Mark Drakeford AM, the Minister for Health and Social
Witnesses:	Services
withesses.	Dr Ruth Hussey, Welsh Government
	Dewi Jones, Welsh Government
Committee Staff:	Llinos Madeley (Clerk)



National Wales

Catherine Hunt (Second Clerk)
Sian Giddins (Deputy Clerk)
Gareth Howells (Legal Adviser)

## 1 Introductions, apologies and substitutions

1.1 No apologies were received.

## 2 Public Health (Wales) Bill: Stage 2 - Consideration of Amendments

2.1 In accordance with Standing Order 26.21, the Committee disposed of the following amendments to the Bill:

#### Amendment 104 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain	
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies		
Darren Millar	John Griffiths		
Elin Jones	Lynne Neagle		
Lindsay Whittle	Gwyn Price		
Kirsty Williams	David Rees		

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 104 was not agreed.

#### Amendment 105 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain	
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies		
Darren Millar	John Griffiths		
Elin Jones	Lynne Neagle		
Lindsay Whittle	Gwyn Price		
Kirsty Williams	David Rees		

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 105 was not agreed.

#### Amendment 106 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Elin Jones	Lynne Neagle	
Lindsay Whittle	Gwyn Price	
Kirsty Williams	David Rees	

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 106 was not agreed.

**Amendment 211 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

#### Amendment 107 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Elin Jones	Lynne Neagle	
Lindsay Whittle	Gwyn Price	
Kirsty Williams	David Rees	

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 107 was not agreed.

**Amendment 212 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 213 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 214 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 215 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

## Amendment 116 (Darren Millar)

Against	Abstain	
Alun Davies		
John Griffiths		
Lynne Neagle		
Gwyn Price		
David Rees		
	Alun Davies  John Griffiths  Lynne Neagle  Gwyn Price	Alun Davies John Griffiths Lynne Neagle Gwyn Price

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 116 was not agreed.

### Amendment 128 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Lindsay Whittle	Elin Jones	
Kirsty Williams	Lynne Neagle	
	Gwyn Price	
	David Rees	
Amendment 128 was not	agreed.	

## Amendment 129 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	

Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Lindsay Whittle	Elin Jones	
Kirsty Williams	Lynne Neagle	
	Gwyn Price	
	David Rees	
Amendment 129 was	not agreed.	1

## Amendment 130 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Lindsay Whittle	Elin Jones	
Kirsty Williams	Lynne Neagle	
	Gwyn Price	
	David Rees	
Amendment 130 was no	t agreed.	

## Amendment 131 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain	
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies		
Darren Millar	John Griffiths		
Lindsay Whittle	Elin Jones		
Kirsty Williams	Lynne Neagle		
	Gwyn Price		
	David Rees		
Amendment 131 was	not agreed.	1	

Amendment 216 (Mark Drakeford) was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

Amendment 110 (Kirsty Williams) was withdrawn in accordance with Standing Order 26.66(i).

Amendment 111 (Kirsty Williams) was not moved.

Amendment 112 (Kirsty Williams) was not moved.

Amendment 113 (Kirsty Williams) was not moved.

**Amendment 94 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 95 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

#### Amendment 16 (Kirsty Williams)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Elin Jones	Lynne Neagle	
Lindsay Whittle	Gwyn Price	
Kirsty Williams	David Rees	

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 16 was not agreed.

**Amendment 217 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 218 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 219 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

**Amendment 220 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

Amendment 114 (Kirsty Williams) was not moved.

**Amendment 96 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

#### Amendment 227 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain	
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies		
Darren Millar	John Griffiths		
Kirsty Williams	Elin Jones		
	Lynne Neagle		
	Gwyn Price		
	David Rees		
	Lindsay Whittle		
Amendment 227 was not agreed.			

#### Amendment 228 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Kirsty Williams	Elin Jones	
	Lynne Neagle	
	Gwyn Price	

	David Rees	
	Lindsay Whittle	
Amendment 228 was not agreed.		

#### Amendment 143 (Mark Drakeford)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Alun Davies	Altaf Hussain	
John Griffiths	Darren Millar	
Elin Jones	Lindsay Whittle	
Lynne Neagle	Kirsty Williams	
Gwyn Price		
David Rees		
Amendment 143 was agreed.		

As amendment 143 (Mark Drakeford) was agreed, amendments 2 and 3 (Kirsty Williams) fell.

### Amendment 229 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Elin Jones	Lynne Neagle	
Lindsay Whittle	Gwyn Price	
Kirsty Williams	David Rees	

As the vote was tied, the Chair used his casting vote in the negative (in accordance with SO 6.20(ii)). Therefore amendment 229 was not agreed.

## Amendment 224 (Darren Millar)

In favour	Against	Abstain

Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Kirsty Williams	Elin Jones	
	Lynne Neagle	
	Gwyn Price	
	David Rees	
	Lindsay Whittle	
Amendment 224 was not agreed.		

**Amendment 144 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

Amendment 109 (Kirsty Williams) was not moved.

### Amendment 1 (Kirsty Williams)

In favour	Against	Abstain
Altaf Hussain	Alun Davies	Elin Jones
Darren Millar	John Griffiths	
Lindsay Whittle	Lynne Neagle	
Kirsty Williams	Gwyn Price	
	David Rees	
Amendment 1 not agreed.		

**Amendment 142 (Mark Drakeford)** was agreed in accordance with Standing Order 17.34(i).

Amendment 108 (Kirsty Williams) was not moved.

2.2 All sections of the Bill were deemed agreed by the Committee.

- 3 Papers to note
- 3.1 Minutes of the meetings held on 14, 20 and 28 January 2016
- 3.1a The Committee noted the minutes.
- 3.2 Public Health (Wales) Bill: the Minister for Health and Social Services' response to the Committee's Stage 1 report
- 3.2a The Committee noted the response.
- 3.3 Welsh Government Draft Budget 2016-17: additional information from the Minister for Health and Social Services
- 3.3a The Committee noted the additional information.
- 4 Motion under Standing Order 17.42(vi) to resolve to exclude the public from the remainder of this meeting and for the meetings on 11 February, 24 February and 9 March 2016
- 4.1 The motion was agreed.

Mark Drakeford AC / AM Y Gweinidog lechyd a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Minister for Health and Social Services



Ein cyf/Our ref: MA-P-MD-0437/16

David Rees AM
Chair
Health and Social Care Committee
Cardiff Bay
Cardiff
CF99 1NA

31 January 2016

#### Dear David

I write in response to your request for additional information in your correspondence of 19 January 2016 which requested:

- 1) Further information to demonstrate;
  - How the draft budget ensures that service transformation is being delivered in 2016-17
  - How the additional funding allocated for 2016-17 will lead to further service improvement rather than funding inefficiencies or compensating for overspends;
  - To what extent the allocations made will be sufficient to deliver key performance targets (e.g. cancer treatment times, waiting times for outpatient appointments, inpatient and day case treatment and access to diagnostic services).

The Planning Framework and guidance was issued to Health Boards and Trusts in October 2015 setting out clear planning requirements for 2016-17, against which organisations are expected to plan and deliver services. The requirements are to ensure that organisations work efficiently, deliver continuing improvement against the range of priorities articulated in the guidance. This will enable progress on delivering the transformational change required to achieve the strategic direction for health care in Wales.

Bae Caerdydd • Cardiff Bay Caerdydd • Cardiff CF99 1NA English Enquiry Line 0300 0603300 Llinell Ymholiadau Cymraeg 0300 0604400 Correspondence.Mark.Drakeford @wales.gsi.gov.uk

Rydym yn croesawu derbyn gohebiaeth yn Gymraeg. Byddwn yn ateb gohebiaeth a dderbynnir yn Gymraeg yn Gymraeg ac ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

As covered in the draft budget for 2016/17 the Welsh Government has funded LHB's an extra £200m which is the amount that what was independently reported as being needed to maintain quality services and meet NHS demand pressures in 2016/17. The draft budget also includes a further £60m to help provide care closer to home. The £60m will provide a further £30m increase to the Integrated Care fund to help drive the integrated approach for health and social care and £30m to look at ways to improve services for Older people and Mental Health. This will help to drive further service improvement in these areas and will be driven through the planning process.

Following submission at the end of January, all IMTPs will be assessed by WG officials against the planning guidance to ensure that plans include the service improvement; quality outcomes and performance requirements; and workforce changes within the resources that will be allocated to the LHBs following the approval of the 2016/17 budget. The draft budget information to date allows NHS organisations to plan confidently and they have been set clear expectations of improved delivery across these key performance areas.

Where appropriate, we will use the planning process; monitoring and escalation arrangements and other mechanisms to help drive the transformational changes, efficiencies and improved performance expected of NHS organisations in Wales.

- 2) Further information on how the Minister intends to work across government, and in the broader context of financial constraint, to ensure:
  - The reduction in local government financial settlement will not lead to a decrease in the availability and quality of social care, including preventative and early intervention services;
  - Implementation of the eligibility criteria under the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2015 will not have a detrimental impact on service users, nor lead to any inappropriate restrictions in access to social services;
  - mechanisms will be put in place to monitor the effectiveness and impact of pooling budgets;
  - mitigation of the risk that cuts in local government budgets could impact negatively on hospitals' ability to discharge patients to be cared for in community settings.

Our budget invests in social services based on an approach which acknowledges that health and social services must operate as one system and focus on prevention and early intervention. Social services funding has been protected through the Revenue Support Grant with an additional £10 million allocated in 2015-16 and an additional £21 million for 2016-17. Additional funding to our ground breaking Intermediate Care Fund will bring that fund up to £50 million from 2016-17. This funding will be deployed to support the one system approach and ensure people in Wales get the services they need when they need them.

I have already committed to monitoring the implementation of the new eligibility criteria under the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2015.

Part 9 of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act provides for the establishment of pooled funds by the regional partnership boards. The regulations also require the regional partnership board to prepare a report on the extent to which the board's objectives have been met, this report has to be submitted to Ministers. The statutory guidance also states that comprehensive monitoring arrangements must be put in place to ensure aims and objectives are delivered. We will review the reports and progress made by the regional partnership boards in relation to their objectives, which includes the effectiveness of pooled funds.

I expect local authorities and health boards to work together through the new statutory partnership arrangements required under Part 9 of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales)Act to appropriately deploy the range of funding available to them to create responsive services that support people to maintain and where necessary regain their well-being and independence

3) Details of the action plan for completion of the work on financial flows, to include timescales for the application of the new methodology

The outcome of the inter-organisational financial flows within NHS Wales work has not been finalised and agreed on behalf of NHS Wales, it is therefore unlikely that there will be whole system change in 2016/17 that would materially affect allocation processes. However it is envisaged that there may be specific new local inter-organisational financial flow agreements for previously consulted and agreed service change and service transfers implemented during 2016/17.

Officials will continue to support the NHS Wales collaborative in producing both clear principles and a framework, to be developed within the course of the next three to five months, so they are available to be used. There may be some opportunities to use this in some specific examples during 2016-17, drawing on experiences in Wales and more broadly.

4) An outline summary of the outcomes of ICF-funded initiatives, with a particular focus on areas of good practice that should be shared and rolled out across Wales.

In terms of impact, all regions have reported that the Intermediate Care Fund has developed a culture of collaboration with improved communication and decision making across all sectors. There is an enhanced understanding of what different partners can provide, with improved knowledge of good practice within the region that can be developed and shared more widely. The fund has also increased capacity to improve outcomes for people and to deal with demand on services. Some areas of good practice include single point of access, the establishment of intermediate care teams (ensuring the provision of co-ordinated services across health and social care), rapid response teams, social care or third sector staff working alongside health staff in hospital to prevent delayed discharges, extending the range of rehabilitation/reablement services (including the use of intermediate care flats as part of a wider health, social care and community complex).

I include examples of the impact of Intermediate Care Fund projects at annex 1 of this letter.

5) An update on progress achieved in the delivery of the South Wales Programme and an updated timescale for completion and commissioning of the SCCC.

I understand from the health boards that work continues on the detailed implementation plans relating to the services included within the South Wales Programme. Work is now well advanced on the detailed model for paediatrics, neonatal and obstetric services, which has included designing and testing the local paediatric assessment model. There has also been specific capital bids received e.g. in respect of neonatal services in the SWP area. The health boards are also considering making adjustments to the catchment populations for acute medicine, and network arrangements for other specialties. I continue to expect Health Boards to work in a reciprocal manner on the balance of service capacity and activity, in line with the principles they set out for the South Wales Programme.

As a significant development, Cwm Taf University Health Board has recently opened a new acute medicine centre at the Royal Glamorgan Hospital to improve the quality of care delivered locally and to help ease pressures on its A&E department. Under the terms of the South Wales Programme, the Royal Glamorgan Hospital is to be developed as a 'beacon site' for acute medicine in the region, resulting in the re-provision of consultant-led A&E, maternity, neonatal and in patient paediatric services to other sites. The new acute medicine service will be provided at the front entrance of the emergency unit to provide faster diagnosis and shorter stays for patients. Additionally, capital funding has been earmarked next year for supporting the Diagnostic Hub at Royal Glamorgan, and the Health Board is investing in early works to bring this forward.

Aneurin Bevan University Health Board submitted the Full Business Case for the SCCC to the Welsh Government for consideration in mid October. As you would expect given the significant value of the investment, the business case warrants a thorough and proper review and this is progressing at pace. I have set out that all capital investment in the NHS should meet the key investment criteria of health gain, equity, clinical and skills sustainability, value for money and revenue affordability, and the business case is being assessed against these criteria. The SCCC remains a key investment in the forward NHS Capital Programme and, as I set out to the Committee, I have earmarked £36.9 million of capital funding next year to take the scheme forward subject a satisfactory business case through the capital approval process.

- 6) An indication of how the Draft Budget has been shaped to ensure:
  - there is a sustainable primary care workforce;
  - steps are being taken to balance the proportion of GPs and other health professionals in primary care

As set out in "A plan for a primary care service in Wales" and its partner publication "A planned primary care workforce" the key to the sustainability of the primary care workforce is its diversification. We need to respond to the pressures faced by traditional models of delivery, which are very much based around people seeing their GP irrespective of their health issue, to one that sees them being treated by the professional whose skills are best suited to their needs. This means we need to invest in a broad range of professions who can operate as part of a multidisciplinary team and in which everyone works to the top of their clinical competence. It also means equipping those individuals with the skills to deliver the services that are needed to keep people well and active in their community.

It is just this type of investment – in new skills, roles and services - that the majority of the additional funding made available this year has been used for. The draft Budget will again make a £40m national primary care fund available in 2016-17 in order to continue to deliver sustainability, improved access and the movement of services out of hospitals in to the community. Delivery agreements provided by health boards this year will be scrutinised ahead of the new funding round so that further money is allocated on the basis of evidence of what has been achieved so far and future opportunities informed by their refreshed integrated medium term plans. These will also be scrutinised for clear evidence of how they intend to develop the primary care services Wales needs. As I said during the evidence session, we want to learn from what worked the best in order to take that forward into next year.

With regards to your question on what steps are being taken to balance the proportion of GPs and other health professionals in primary care, I do not feel it is right for the Welsh Government to determine this. The mix of skills required at a local level needs to be driven by population based planning and by local health boards and their clusters working together. At a national level, the Committee will be aware that I accepted the recommendation arising from their short inquiry into the GP workforce in Wales to review on an annual basis the number of training places for GPs in Wales whilst the primary care workforce plan also contains actions to help address well known recruitment and retention issues. Our workforce plans, driven through clusters are clearly focussing on the development of broader multi-disciplinary primary care teams.

7) Further information on plans that are being put in place to deliver the flexibilities needed to facilitate the further development of preventative services

Preventative services are not solely within the context of healthcare delivery. The Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act secures prevention as a core principle guiding the activities of all public services and it is important to retain a broader focus on the determinants of health. The integrated NHS in Wales nevertheless has an important contribution to make through preventative healthcare services. £81.7 million core funding has been allocated in 2015-16 to Public Health Wales to provide a range of measures aimed at preventing ill health (alongside a number of other public health functions).

Health Boards, working with their local communities and partners, are responsible for population health. Through the NHS planning framework Welsh Government set a clear expectation that health improvement and reducing inequalities should be incorporated into Health Boards' three year integrated medium term plans, both in principle and through the requirement to respond to key national public health priorities such as tackling obesity, reducing smoking prevalence, and improving mental wellbeing.

The latest survey of the nation's health, published in June, shows encouraging signs of improvement:

- Smoking has fallen to its lowest ever level 20% of adults reported they currently smoke, down from 21% in 2013 and 26% in 2003/04
- Drinking and binge drinking had fallen again to its lowest reported level 40% of adults reported drinking above the recommended guidelines on at least one day in the past week, down from 42% in 2013
- Obesity rates have not increased over the past two years.

Health boards, through their clusters, are also increasingly set up to anticipate and act on need early. They are planning and implementing new service models for systematically identifying individual people, such as frail, older people, and people with co-morbidities, who are at increased risk of unscheduled care and agreeing individual care plans with these individuals with goals and actions to help them stay well and what action to take if problems arise.

The £40m national primary care fund is further supporting the move towards more upstream services and towards person centred care. We will confirm the use of the £40m in 2016-17 in light of evidence of delivery in 2015-16.

#### 8) Clarification on:

- how the overall costs of implementing legislation has been estimated;
- what work will be done to control, monitor and report on these costs;
- whether the budget will be sufficient to deal with any potential costs relating to legislation which has not been identified in his report (e.g. the Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Bill);
- whether the funding identified for the implementation of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 will be sufficient.

Overall costs of implementing legislation are assessed in the Regulatory Impact Assessment for each Bill with the costs continuing to be re-assessed at points during the legislative process. The costs and benefits included within the Explanatory Memorandum and Regulatory Impact Assessment are determined in a variety of ways including using evidence from stakeholder involvement. For example:

The <u>Public Health (Wales) Bill;</u> costs and benefits associated with each option were produced using the best information available at the time. This information was prepared through discussion with key stakeholders, including local authorities, LHBs and other agencies. The Bill is of course currently going through the legislative process and is potentially subject to change. In order to account for this, funding in excess of the costs included the Regulatory Impact Assessment have therefore been identified in 2016-17 in order to ensure there is adequate funding available for implementation.

Controlling, monitoring and reporting implementing costs legislation will vary in accordance with the requirements of the legislation itself. For example:

Implementation of the <u>Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act</u> 2014 is supported by grant funding streams including the Delivering Transformation and Social Care Workforce Development Programme grants, which have their own monitoring and review mechanisms, following Welsh Government corporate monitoring requirements. The grants are also subject to application processes which allow Welsh Government to identify output against proposed funding. Other costs will be subject to careful monitoring and evaluation by local authorities at local and regional levels and by the Welsh Government at a national level. This evaluation will be used to identify whether the new system meets the aims of the Act or requires further refinement. Similarly, the <u>Regulation and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act</u> 2016 will be complying with Welsh Government corporate monitoring requirements for implementation.

A programme of monitoring and evaluation activity for the <u>Public Health Bill</u> will be developed to correspond with key activities and dates. Various research and evaluation methods will be considered, in order to evaluate both costs and cost effectiveness.

The cost of the <u>NHS Finance (Wales) Act 2014</u>, including the accuracy of the cost estimates included in the Regulatory Impact Assessment, will be undertaken as part of the Minister's report to the Assembly. The first report will be submitted, in line with the requirements of the Act, following the completion of the first three years, that is, before 31 March 2018.

In relation to the Human Transplantation (Wales) Act 2013, the majority of the implementation costs were for the communications campaign and the redevelopment of the organ donor register. Some changes have been made as the costs were estimates. Following the award of tenders, the cost for IT changes in 2016/17 is an additional £75K (£231k total) and £10k (£105k total) for evaluation. This will bring the total spend in 2016/17 to £617k. However this money was carried over in the previous year so the overall costs of implementing the legislation remain the same.

The Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Bill is a Private Member's Bill. As such, the potential costs of implementation are assessed by the Member in Charge and not Welsh Government. The latest assessment of costs is expected to be published by the Member in Charge in a revised Explanatory Memorandum on 27 January 2016. If the Bill is passed by the Assembly the Welsh Government it will be funded through the 'Delivery of Core NHS Services' Action.

The funding identified for the implementation of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 is anticipated to be sufficient to secure implementation of the Act. Through the Act the system of social care in Wales is being redesigned to rebalance the focus of the system away from late-stage, high-cost and intrusive interventions and towards early, targeted and preventative action. All parties recognised that there is a need to focus on prevention and early intervention to make social services sustainable. The Act gives a clear statutory impetus to delivery partners to be innovative in their approach to preventative services, making best use of resources, achieving value for money and proactively engaging with the Third Sector.

I do not believe that other related legislation will have a significant impact on the use of the budget currently earmarked for use on the implementation of the Act.

9) Further information about the longer term arrangements for the distribution of the Independent Living Grant once discussions have progressed

There are a number of potential options for providing such support in future, ranging from the continuation of the grant to the establishment of centralised arrangements to provide payments akin to a Wales version of the Independent Living Fund. I am currently reexamining these in the light of the outcome of the UK Government's spending review and plan to confirm shortly my thinking in this area. My officials have already met representatives of stakeholders to identify the key information needed to complete an appraisal of these options, which would include the experience of providing similar support in both Scotland and Northern Ireland. An appraised short list of options would then be available by the middle of this year. This is so that the new incoming Welsh Government could decide on the way forward and ensure that future arrangements were in place in good time before the current grant is due to end on 31 March 2017.

I trust this information is helpful.

Betwibs,

Mark Drakeford AC / AM

Y Gweinidog lechyd a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Minister for Health and Social Services

# Agenda Item 5,3

Y Gweinidog lechyd a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Minister for Health and Social Services



Ein cyf/Our ref MA/L/MD/0012/16

Dame Rosemary Butler AM Chair Business Committee National Assembly for Wales

<u>SeneddChamber@assembly.wales</u> <u>SeneddHealth@Assembly.Wales</u>

03 February 2016

Dear Rosemary,

On 13 January 2016 I laid a Legislative Consent Memorandum for the Access to Medical Treatments (Innovation) Bill which was considered by Business Committee on 19 January.

Following considerable debate at Committee stage in the House of Commons, I understand that Chris Heaton-Harris MP, the sponsor of this Private Member's Bill, reviewed his position and tabled amendments to the Bill at Report Stage which remove those clauses concerning clinical negligence (clauses 3 and 4). These amendments have now been agreed.

The LCM related to the content of clauses 3 and 4. It is therefore no longer relevant and consideration by the Assembly is not required at this time.

I am copying this letter to Mr David Rees AM, Chair of the Health and Social Care Committee.

Best wishes

Mark Drakeford AC / AM

Y Gweinidog lechyd a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Minister for Health and Social Services

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BOR (15-16) 009 Agenda Item 5.4



# Joint Committee on Human Rights

Committee Office · House of Commons · London · SW1A 0AA

Tel 020 7219 2797 Email JCHR@parliament.uk Website www.parliament.uk

#### From Rt Hon Harriet Harman MP, Chair

Rosemary Butler AM
Presiding Officer
National Assembly for Wales
Cardiff Bay
CN99 1NA

27 January 2015

Dear Rosemary,

I am writing to draw your attention to a letter I have sent to the Lord Chancellor following a recent visit by the Joint Committee on Human Rights to Edinburgh. During this visit, the Committee's attention was drawn to the need to ensure that the Scottish Parliament and the other devolved institutions, along with their committees and other relevant public bodies, are given a full opportunity to contribute to the Government's forthcoming consultation on its proposal to repeal the Human Rights Act and replace it with a British Bill of Rights.

You will see from my letter to Mr Gove that the JCHR has sought assurances from him that "no part of the consultation period will overlap with the period where purdah applies or the Scottish Parliament will be dissolved". I added that "clearly this will be a matter of importance not only for Scotland but also for Wales and Northern Ireland".

If the National Assembly for Wales or any of its committees wish to submit views on this matter, or on the Government's proposals, to the JCHR, I and my colleagues would be most happy to receive them, before or after the launch of the Government's consultation.

Yours sincerely,

Rt Hon Harriet Harman

Chair of the Joint Committee on Human Rights

Harrel Harmon



## Joint Committee on Human Rights

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#### From Rt Hon Harriet Harman MP, Chair

Rt Hon Michael Gove MP Lord Chancellor and Secretary of State for Justice 102 Petty France London SW1H 9AJ

20 January 2015

Dear Michael,

I am writing following the visit last week of the Joint Committee on Human Rights to Edinburgh. The Committee took the opportunity to meet with the Scottish Parliament's European and External Relations Committee, the Scottish Human Rights Commission, representatives from NGOs, academics and lawyers to discuss, amongst other things, the Government's proposal to repeal the Human Rights Act and replace it with a Bill of Rights.

We are concerned to ensure that the voice of Scotland is fully heard as you consider how to take this proposal forward. It is not just that they need to have their say, we need to be able to hear from them to benefit from their views and experience.

It is now under 10 weeks till the commencement of purdah in respect of the Scottish Parliament election, when the Scottish Parliament will be dissolved. The Scottish Parliament has, through its European and External Relations Committee, considered the issue of the the potential implications for Scotland of the repeal of the Human Rights Act and its replacement with a British Bill of Rights in some considerable depth. Your consultation would undoubtedly benefit from their contribution. But bearing in mind the delay in publication of the consultation document it might be the case that they would not be able to comment as the consultation will overlap with purdah. This would clearly inhibit the possibility of taking note of, and learning from, the specific and different cultural traditions – particularly of Scotland and Northern Ireland.

We note your previous promise to us to engage with the devolved administrations and consult with all citizens of the United Kingdom, in your letter dated 27 November. Accordingly, we would like to seek your assurances that no part of the consultation period will overlap with the period where purdah applies or the Scottish Parliament will be dissolved. I would ask for a response at your earliest opportunity as clearly this will be a matter of importance not only for Scotland but also for Wales and Northern Ireland.

Yours sincerely,

Rt Hon Harriet Harman

Chair of the Joint Committee on Human Rights

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cc. Rt Hon Oliver Letwin MP

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